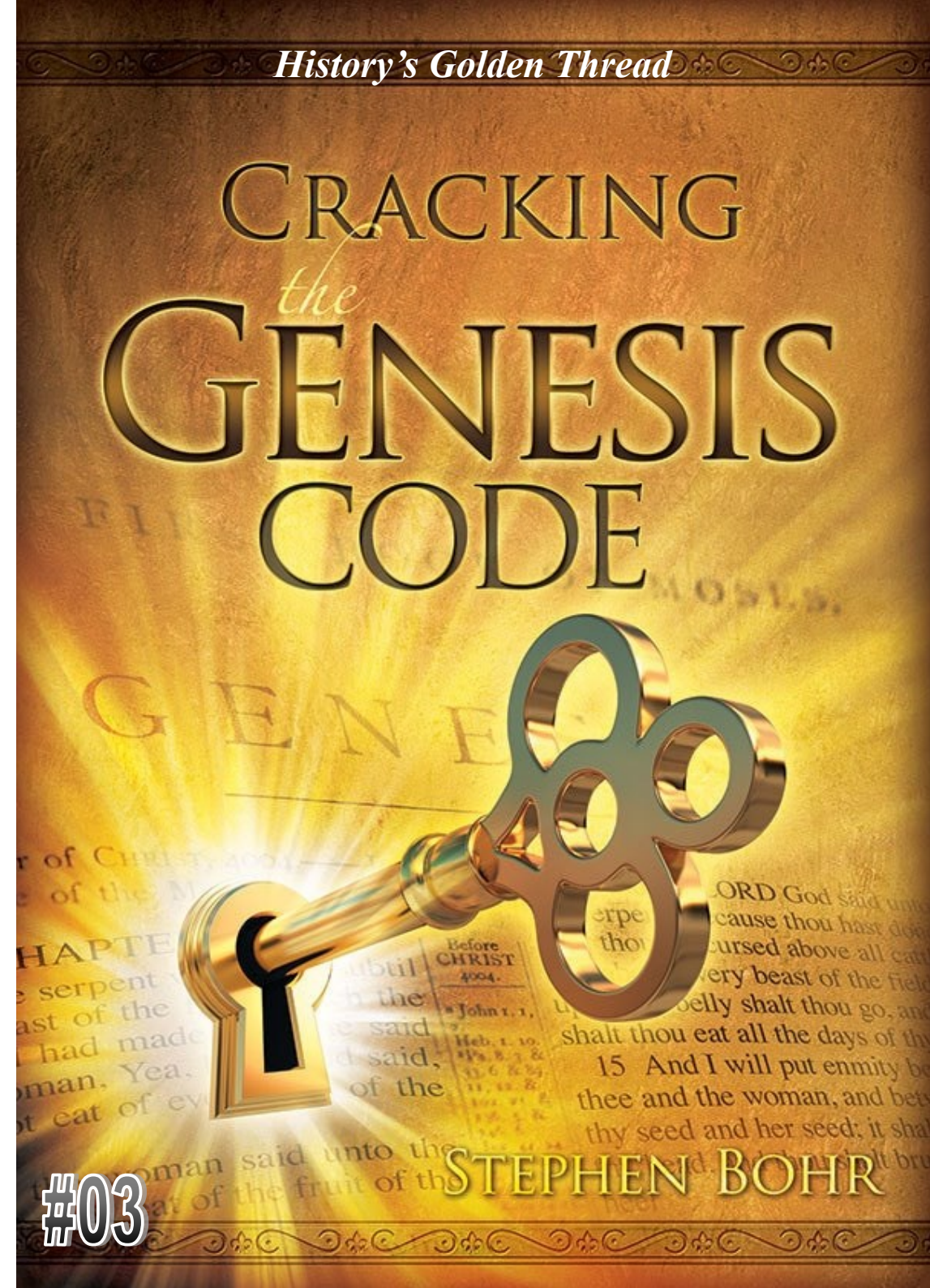


9. **Who is at the very center of the Old Testament Scriptures?**

"Search the _____; for in them ye think ye have eternal life: and they are they which testify of me. Do not think that I will accuse you to the Father: there is one that accuseth you, even _____, in whom ye trust. For had ye believed Moses, ye would have believed me: for he _____ of me." (John 5:39, 45, 46)



SECRETS UNSEALED PRESENTS: "CRACKING THE GENESIS CODE"

Pastor Stephen P. Bohr
2548 Laverne Avenue, Clovis, CA 93611
www.secretsunsealed.org

Cracking the Genesis Code Lecture #03 "History's Golden Thread"

**All quoted verses are taken from the "New King James Version" (NKJV).*

Genesis 3:15	Genesis 27:41	Ezra 9:2
Genesis 3:21	Genesis 45:5-7	Galatians 4:4
I John 3:12	Genesis 15:13, 14	Matthew 1:1
Genesis 4:25	Genesis 17:8	Galatians 3:16
Genesis 6:1, 2	Ezekiel 29:3	Genesis 3:15
Genesis 6:5	Exodus 5:2	Revelation 12:3
Genesis 10:1	Numbers 25:2	Matthew 2:16
Genesis 10:20	II Samuel 7:12, 13	Revelation 12:5
Genesis 11:4	Luke 1:32, 33	Revelation 12:13
Joshua 24:2, 3	I Samuel 18:1-0, 11	Galatians 3:27, 29
Genesis 12:1, 3	I Chronicles 21:1	Revelation 12:17
Genesis 22:18	II Samuel 11:2	John 5:39, 45, 46
Genesis 16:2	I Kings 11:1-3	Luke 24:13-18, 21, 25-27
Galatians 4:29	Esther 3:13	30-32, 44, 45.

5. **What sad remark did one of the disciples make to Jesus?**
"But we trusted that it had been he which should have _____ Israel; and beside all this today is the third day since these things were done." (Luke 24:21)

6. **Whom did Jesus say is at the very center of the Old Testament Scriptures?**
"Then he said unto them, O fools, and _____ of heart to believe all that the prophets have spoken: Ought not Christ to have suffered these things, and to enter into his glory? "And beginning at _____ and _____ the prophets, he expounded unto them in _____ the scriptures the things concerning himself." (Luke 24:25-27)

7. **What did the two disciples later when say when Jesus had disappeared from their midst?**
"And it came to pass, as he sat at meat with them, he took bread; and blessed it, and brake, and gave to them And their _____ were opened, and they knew him; and he vanished out of their sight. And they said one to another, Did not our heart _____ Within us, while he talked with us by the way, and while he opened to us the scriptures?"
(Luke 24:30-32)

8. **What did Jesus later say to His disciples in the Upper Room?**
"And he said unto them, These are the words which I spake unto you, while I was yet with you, that all things must be fulfilled, which were written in the law of _____, and in the _____, and in the _____, concerning me. Then opened he their understanding, that they might understand the scriptures,"
(Luke 24:44-45)

4. What four elements do Revelation 12:17 and Genesis 3:15 have in common?

“And the _____ was wroth with the _____, and went to make _____ with the remnant of her _____, which keep the commandments of God, and have the testimony of Jesus Christ.” (Revelation 12:17)

Jesus, the Center and Reason for Scripture

1. What was the subject of conversation between the two disciples on the road to Emmaus?

“And, behold, two of them went that same day to a village called Emmaus, which was from Jerusalem about threescore furlongs; And they talked together of all these _____ which had happened.” (Luke 24:13, 14)

2. Who appeared to these two disciples as they walked along the road?

“And it came to pass that, while they communed together and reasoned, _____ himself drew near, and went with them. But their eyes were holden that they should not know him,” (Luke 24:15, 16)

3. What question did Jesus ask these two disciples?

“And he said unto them: What manner of _____ are these that ye have one to another, as ye walk, and are sad?” (Luke 24:17)

4. What question did one of the disciples ask Jesus?

“And the one of them, whose name was Cleopas, answering said unto him, Art thou only a _____ in Jerusalem, and hast not known the things which are come to pass therein these days?” (Luke 24:18)

“History’s Golden Thread”

Lecture #03

The Battle Lines in Genesis

1. What declaration of war did God utter to Satan after Adam and Eve sinned?

“And I will put _____ between _____ [the serpent] and the _____, between thy seed and her _____; it shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel.” (Genesis 3:15)

NOTE: There are four key elements in Genesis 3:15: A woman, a serpent, enmity and seed. In this verse God is warning Satan that He will send a Seed to crush his head. This verse contains the central theme of the Bible: The great controversy between Christ and Satan.

2. How did God solve the problem of Adam and Eve’s nakedness?

“Unto Adam also and to his wife also did the LORD God make coats of _____, and _____ them.” (Genesis 3:21)

NOTE: The first consequence of Adam and Eve’s sin was nakedness (Genesis 3:7). God promised to cover the shame of their nakedness with skins obtained from the sacrifice of lambs (Genesis 3:21). Those lambs represented the death of Jesus on the cross (1 Peter 1:18-20).

Abel’s Stealth Enemy

1. Who was the true culprit behind the murder of Abel and why did he want Abel dead?

“Not as Cain, who was of that _____ one, and slew his brother; And wherefore slew he him; Because his own works were _____, and his brother’s righteous.” (1 John 3:12)

NOTE: Satan was the real culprit behind the death of Abel. In the light of Genesis 3:15, it becomes clear Satan wanted Abel dead because he suspected that he might be the promised Seed.

2. **Was God's plan frustrated as a result of Abel's death?**

"And Adam knew his wife again; and she bore a son, and called his name _____: For God, said she hath appointed me another _____ instead of Abel, whom Cain slew." (**Genesis 4:25**)

NOTE: God's plan could not be frustrated. He gave Eve another seed from whose lineage the promised Saviour would eventually come.

Satan's Pre-flood Agenda

1. **Which two groups of people contracted marriage in the years before the flood?**

"And it came to pass, when men began to multiply on the face of the earth, and daughters were born unto them, that the _____ of God saw the _____ of men that they were fair; and they took them _____ of all which they chose." (**Genesis 6:1, 2**)

NOTE: In context (Genesis 4-5) the sons of God were the descendants of Seth. The daughters, of men were the descendants of Cain. By mingling the seed of the righteous with the seed of the wicked, Satan expected the holy line to become corrupted and thus lose its identity.

2. **What happened to the moral condition of the world as a result of these illegitimate unions?**

"And GOD saw that the _____ of man was great in the earth, and that every imagination of the thoughts of his heart was only _____ continually." (**Genesis 6:5**)

NOTE: The result of blending the righteous seed with the wicked seed was the almost universal corruption of the world. If God had not brought about the flood, the holy line would have disappeared from the earth.

Genesis 10 and the Tower of Babel

1. **How many sons did Noah have?**

"Now these are the generations of the sons of Noah, _____,

men; was exceeding wrath, and sent forth and _____ all the children that were in Bethlehem, and in all the coasts thereof from two years old and under..." (**Matthew 2:16**)

3. **Where did the man child go as soon as He had fulfilled His mission on earth**

"And she brought forth a _____ child, who was to rule all nations with a rod of iron: and her child was _____ up unto God, and to his throne." (**Revelation 12:5**)

Satan's Conflict against the Church

1. **Against whom did Satan launch an attack after the child was caught up to God's throne?**

"And when the dragon saw that he was cast unto the earth, he _____ the _____ which brought forth the man child." (**Revelation 12:13**)

2. **Who truly removed the curse of Genesis and how did He do it?**

"Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law, being made a _____ for us: for-it is written Cursed is every one that hangeth on a tree: That the _____ of Abraham might come on the _____ through Jesus Christ; that we might receive promise of the Spirit through faith." (**Galatians 3:13, 14**)

3. **How do we become the seed of Abraham?**

"For as many of you as have been _____ into Christ have put on Christ. . . And if ye be _____, then are ye Abraham's seed, and heirs according to the promise." (**Galatians 3:27, 29**)

The Arrival of the Promised Seed

1. Who was truly the promised seed of Genesis 3:15?

“But when the _____ of the time was come, God sent forth his Son, made of a _____, made under the law.”

(Galatians 4:4)

2. Who were two of the progenitors of Jesus?

“The book of the generation of Jesus Christ, the son of _____, the son of Abraham.” (Matthew 1:1)

3. Who was the only true Seed to whom the promises were made?

“Now to Abraham and his _____ were the promises made; He saith not “And to seeds” as of many; but as of _____, And to thy seed which is _____.” (Galatians 3:16)

4. What four elements are contained in Genesis 3:15?

“And I will put _____ between _____ [the serpent] and the _____, and between thy seed and her _____; it shall bruise thy head, and thou -shalt bruise his heel.” (Genesis 3:15)

Conflict at Christ's Birth

1. Who attempted to slay Jesus as soon as He was born?

“... and the _____ stood before the woman which was ready to be delivered, for to _____ her Child as soon as it was born.” (Revelation 12:3)

2. What human instrument did Satan employ to try and slay Jesus at His birth?

“Then _____ when he saw that he was mocked of the wise

_____, and _____; and unto them were sons born after the flood. (Genesis 10:1)

NOTE: Two of Noah's sons brought forth a series of nations which later became inimical to Israel. From Japheth came Magog, Medo-Persia, Greece, Tyre and Rome. From the descendants" of Ham came Babylon, Assyria, the Philistines, the Canaanites and the Amorite's. On the other hand, Shem continued the holy line (Genesis 11:10-32)

2. From whom did all the nations of the world descend?

“These are' the sons of Ham, after their _____, after their tongues, in their countries, and in their _____.” (Genesis 10:20)

NOTE: Although Genesis 10:20, appears in Genesis before the story of Genesis 11, it actually describes the nations which arose in consequence of the story of 'Genesis 11.

3. What event occurred about one hundred years after the flood?

“and they said, Go to, let us build us a city and a _____, whose top may reach unto _____; and let us make us a _____, lest we be scattered abroad upon the face of the whole earth.” (Genesis 11:4)

NOTE: Just one hundred years after the flood it was Satan's plan to form a worldwide confederacy in rebellion against God; thus he hoped to totally corrupt the human race. The see of this worldwide conspiracy was Babel.

Abraham's Call out of Ur

1. Who lived in the region where the tower of Babel was built and what had happened to his family?

“And Joshua said unto all people: Thus saith the LORD God of Israel, Your fathers dwelt on the other side of the _____ as in old time, even Terah, the father of Abraham, and the father of Nachor: and

they served other _____. And I took your father Abraham from the other side of the flood, and led him throughout all the land of _____, and multiplied his seed, and gave him Isaac.” (Joshua 24:2, 3)

NOTE: Abraham’s family lived in the geographical area where the tower of Babel was built. The apostate religions which originated there were having a baleful influence upon Abraham’s family.

2. **What command did God give Abraham and what did He promise to accomplish through him?**

“Now the LORD had said unto Abram, Get thee out of thy _____, and from thy kindred, and from thy _____ house, unto a land that I will shew thee.” And I will bless them that bless thee, and curse him that curseth thee: and in thee shall all families of the earth be _____. ” (Genesis 12:1)

NOTE: God called Abraham out of Babylon in order to separate him from the idolatrous influences there. This was the first call out of Babylon. The last will come in the book of Revelation (18:4).

3. **Was the promised blessing to come through Abraham alone?**

“And in thy _____ shall all the nations of the earth be _____; because thou hast obeyed my voice.” (Genesis 22:18)

NOTE: The promised blessing would actually come through Abraham’s Seed. Abraham was merely the instrument through which God would bring the Seed into the world.

Abraham, Sarah, Isaac and Ishmael

1. **What did Sarah suggest to Abraham when she could bear no children?**

“And Sarai said unto Abram, Behold now, the LORD hath

Edomites, Zidonians, and Hittites of the nations: concerning which the LORD said unto: the children of Israel, Ye shall not go in to them, neither shall they come in unto you: for surely they will turn away your _____ after their gods. Solomon _____ unto these in love. And he had seven hundred wives, princesses, and three. hundred concubines: and his wives turned _____ his heart.” (1 Kings 11:1-3)

Conflicts after the Captivity

1. What decree was given against Israel in the days of Queen Esther?
“And the letters were sent by posts into all the king’s provinces, to _____, to kill, and to cause to _____, all _____, both young and old, little children and women, in _____ day, even upon the thirteenth day of the twelfth month, which is the month Adar, and to take the spoil of them for a prey in one day.” (Esther 3:13)

NOTE: Satan’s primary enmity here was not anti-Semitic but rather anti-Messianic. He wanted to wipe out the entire Jewish race in order to prevent the coming of the Messiah.

2. **After the captivity, how did the leaders of Israel transgress God’s command?**

“For they have taken of their daughters for themselves, and for their sons: so that the holy _____ have _____ themselves with the people of those lands: yea, the hand of the princes and rulers hath been chief in this _____.” (Ezra 9:2)

NOTE: After the captivity Satan persuaded the leaders of Israel to marry the idolatrous women from the surrounding nations. He hoped to obliterate the holy line from which the Messiah would come.

_____ of the Highest: and the Lord God shall give unto him the throne of his father _____. And he shall reign over the house of Jacob for ever; and of his kingdom there shall be no end.”

(Luke 1:32, 33)

3. What did king Saul attempt to do when David was playing his harp in the palace?

“And it came to pass on the morrow, that the _____ spirit from God came upon Saul, and he prophesied in the midst of the house: and David played with his hand, as at other times and there was a _____ in Saul’s hand. And Saul cast the javelin; for he said, I will _____ David even to the wall with it. And David avoided out of his presence twice.”

(I Samuel 18:10)

4. Who enticed David to number the children of Israel?

“And _____ stood up against Israel, and _____ David to number Israel.” **(I Chronicles 21:1)**

5. What led David to commit the grave sin of adultery and murder?

“And it came to pass in an eveningtide, that David arose from off his _____, and walked upon the roof of the king's house: and from the roof he saw a woman _____ herself, and the woman was very _____ to look upon.” **(2 Samuel 11:2)**

***NOTE:** These various events in the life of David indicate that Satan wanted to destroy him. Why would he want to do this? Was it because he hated David? No! By this time he knew that the Messiah would be a descendant of David.*

6. What did King Solomon do in express defiance of God’s command?

“But king Solomon loved many _____ women, together with the daughter of Pharaoh, Women of the Moabites, Ammonites,

_____ me from bearing: I pray thee, go in unto my _____; it may be that I may obtain children by her. And Abram _____ to the voice of Sarai.” **(Genesis 16:2)**

2. What attitude did Ishmael manifest toward Isaac?

“But as then he that was born after the flesh _____ him that was born after the Spirit, even so it is now.” **(Galatians 4:29)**

***NOTE:** It was Satan who enticed Abraham to take Sarah’s slave, The fruit of this union was Ishmael, Who later attempted to destroy Isaac. Satan well knew that the promised Seed would be a descendant of Isaac*

Jacob, Esau and Joseph

1. What did Esau plot to do when Jacob stole his birthright?

“And Esau _____ Jacob because of the blessing wherewith his father blessed him: and Esau said in his heart, The days of mourning for my father are at hand; then will I _____ my brother Jacob.” **(Genesis 27:41)**

2. What did Joseph tell his brothers when he finally revealed his identity to them?

“Now therefore be not _____, nor angry with yourselves, that ye sold me hither: for God did send me before you to _____ life. For these two years hath the famine been in the land: and yet there are five years, in the which there shall neither be earing nor harvest. And _____ sent me before you to preserve you a _____ in the earth, and to save your lives by a great deliverance.” **(Genesis 45:5-7)**

***NOTE:** It was Satan’s plan to starve Jacob and his family but God sent Joseph into Egypt to preserve the seed.*

The Conflict over the Promised Land

1. **What promise did God make to Abraham four hundred years before He redeemed Israel from Egypt?**

“And he said unto Abram, Know of a surety that thy seed shall be a stranger in a land that is not theirs and shall _____ them; and they shall _____ them four hundred years. And also that nation, whom they shall serve, will I judge: and afterward shall they _____ out with great substance.” (Genesis 15:13, 14)

NOTE: God promised Abraham that after 400 years of affliction, Israel would be delivered from their oppressors and taken to Canaan. In the land of Canaan the Messiah would later be born.

2. **What land did God promise Abraham and his descendants?**

“And I will give unto thee, and to thy _____ after thee, the land wherein thou art a stranger, all the land of _____, for an everlasting possession; and I will be their God.” (Genesis 17:8)

3. **By what name did God call Pharaoh?**

“Speak, and say, Thus saith the Lord GOD; Behold, I am against thee, _____ king of Egypt, the great _____ that lieth in the midst of his rivers, which hath said, My river is mine own, and I have made it for myself.” (Ezekiel 29:3)

NOTE: Satan enticed Pharaoh to kill all the children two years and younger when Moses was born. Satan knew who the deliverer was and employed all his power to thwart what God had prophesied.

4. **What stubborn attitude did Pharaoh manifest when God commanded to let Israel go?**

“And Pharaoh said, who is the _____, that I should obey his voice to let Israel go? I know not the LORD, neither will I let _____, go.” (Exodus 5:2)

NOTE: The stubbornness of Pharaoh was not merely human. Satan wasn't about to allow God's people to leave Egypt and settle in Canaan.

5. **What did Israel say when the spies brought back the evil report from Canaan?**

“And wherefore hath the LORD brought us unto this _____ to fall by the sword, that our wives and our children should be a _____? Were it not better for us to return into Egypt?” (Numbers 14:3)

6. **What did Israel do when they arrived the second time at the borders of the Promised Land?**

“And Israel abode in Shittim, and the people began to commit _____ with the daughters of Moab. And they called the people unto the sacrifices of their _____: and the people did eat, and _____ down to their gods.” (Numbers 25:1, 2)

NOTE: It is patently obvious that Satan did not want Israel to enter the Promised Land. He hoped that God would destroy Israel for their lack of faith at Kadesh-Barnea and their idolatry on the plains of Moab.

God's Promise to David and his Seed

1. **What awesome promise did God make to David before his death?**

“And when thy days be fulfilled, and thou shalt sleep with thy fathers, I will set up thy _____ after thee, which shall proceed out of thy bowels, and I will establish his _____. He shall build a house for my name, and I will establish the throne of his kingdom for _____...” (2 Samuel 7:12, 13)

2. **Who was this promised Seed of David?**

“He shall build a _____ for my name, and I will establish the throne of his kingdom for ever. He shall be great, and shall be called the